

# SPACE OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT OFFICE

## ENGINEERING AND OPERATIONS OFFICE



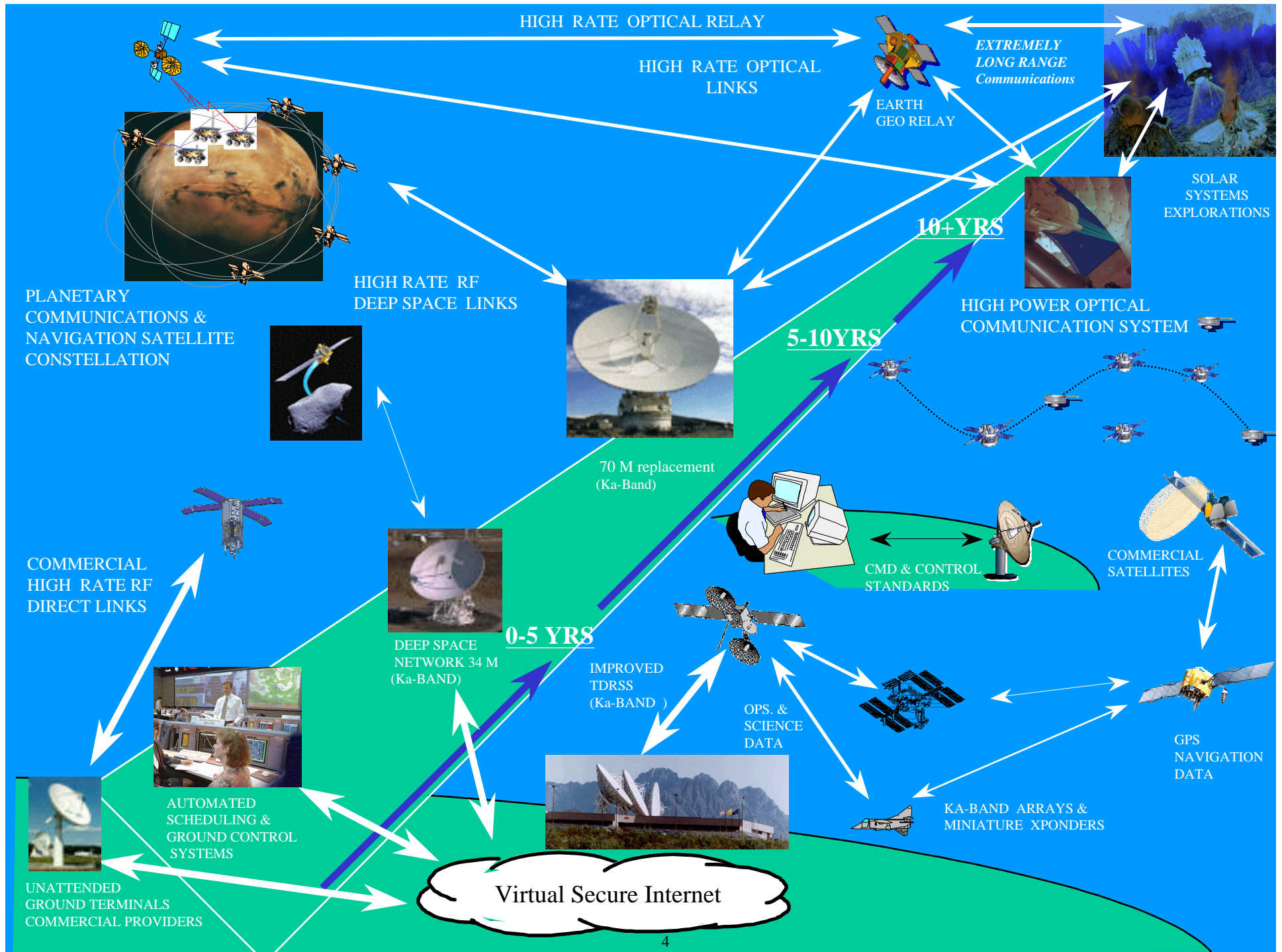
**SOMO Technology**

**TE/Tom Costello**

- Integrated Operations Architecture (IOA) Evolution
  - Integrates all the Space Operations Services
  - Responsive to Customer Needs
  - Provides framework for
    - Technology Projects
    - Mission and Data Services Upgrades Projects
    - Commercialization
- Communications Technology Project
  - Plan Overview
  - Organizational Overview
  - Campaigns

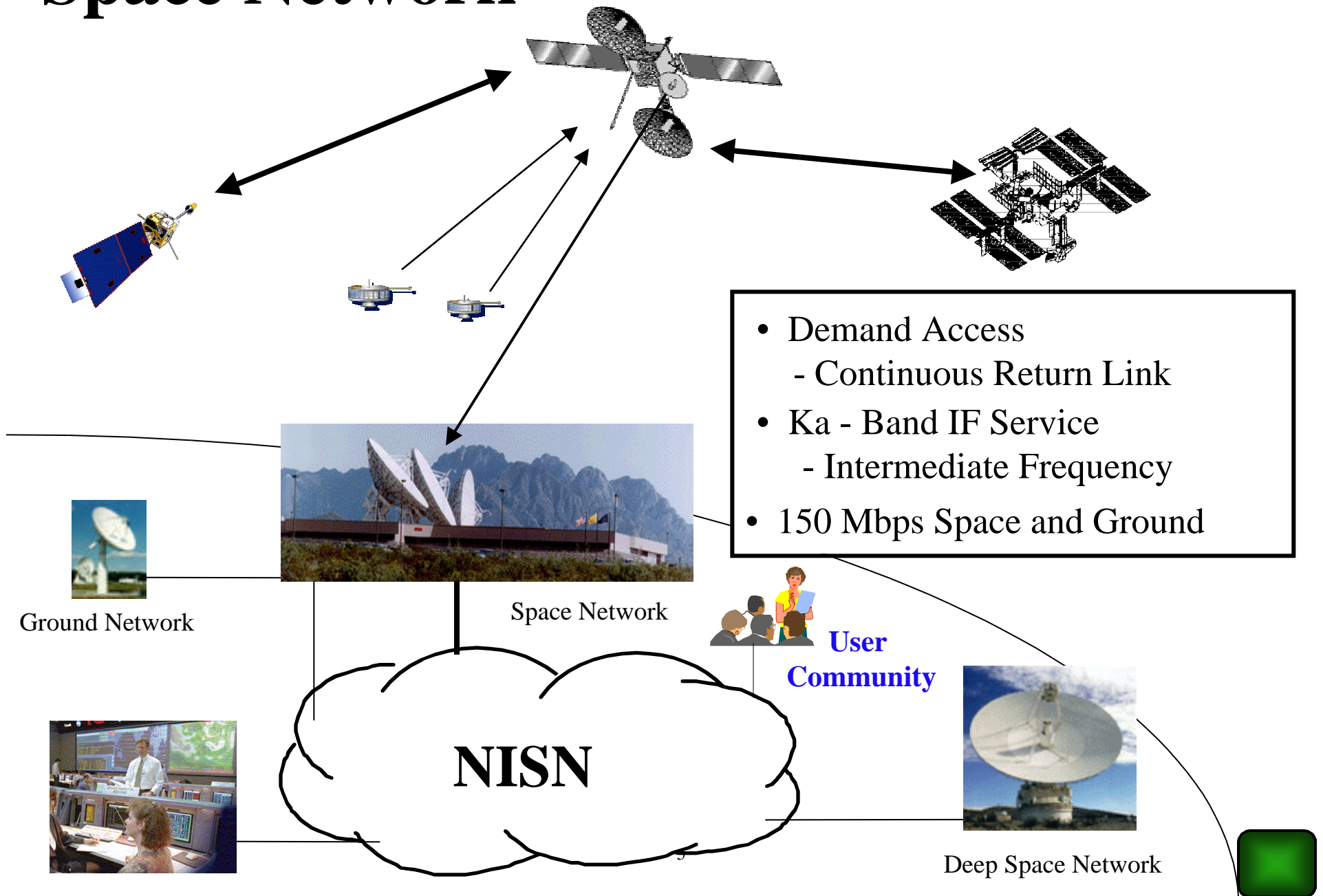
# Space Operations Goals/Architecture Drivers

- **Provide space operations services that are responsive to customer missions at the lowest cost to the agency**
  - Advanced communications utilizing high bandwidth demand access systems
  - Efficient constellation operational capabilities
  - Increase automation (ground and on-board spacecraft)
  - Demand driven service
  - Distributed execution
- **Transition operations to commercialized services**
  - Integration of all operations services
  - Consolidated/simplified planning
  - Standards
- **Restructure management & operations processes using concept of customer / service provider**
  - Consolidation and streamlining of services



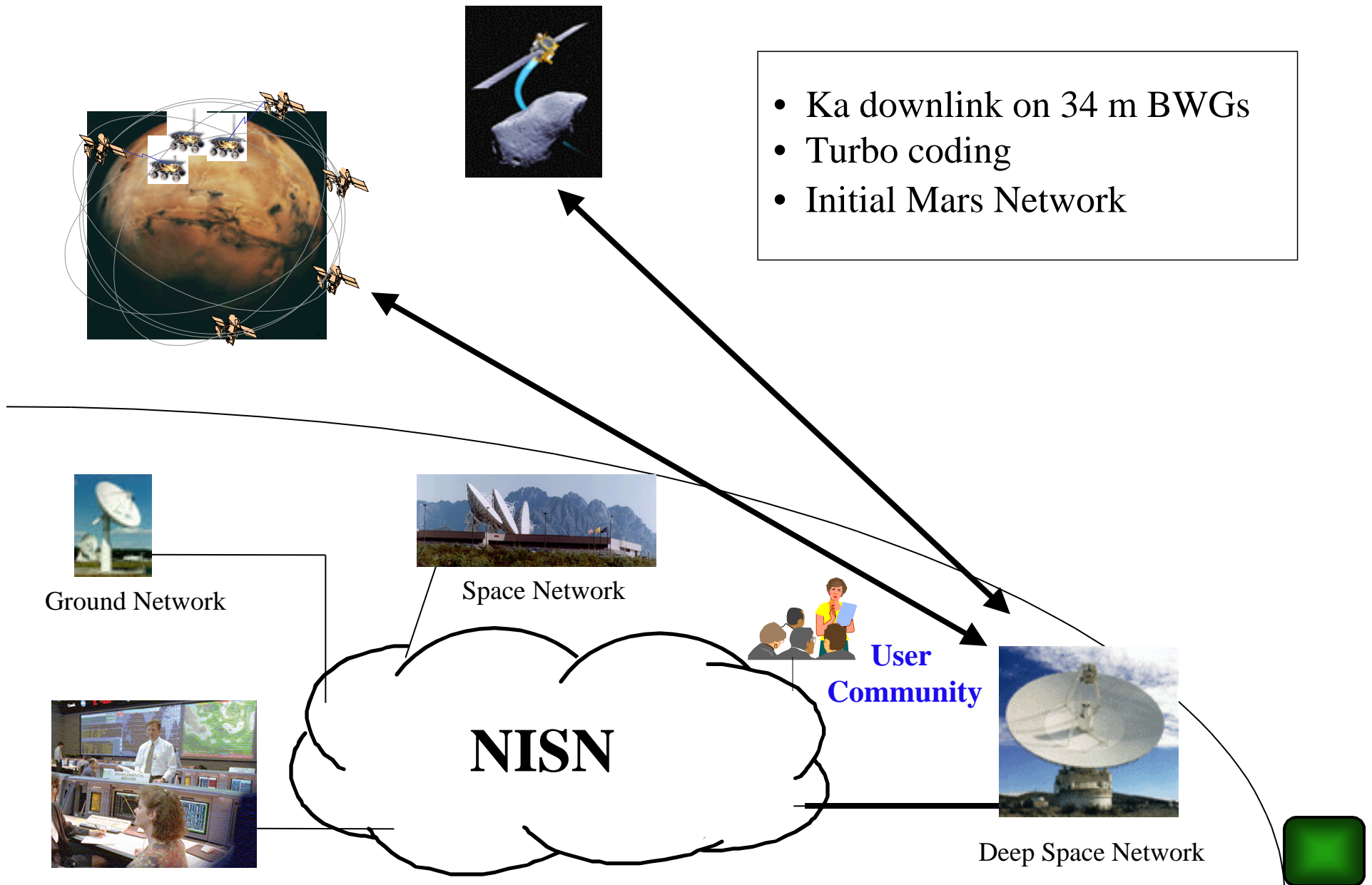
# Space Network

2000 - 2005



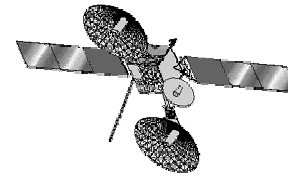
# Deep Space Network

2000 - 2005

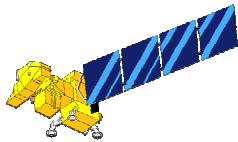


# Ground Network

2000 - 2005



- Commercial Service Providers
- Ka-Band compatibility with SN
- GN compatible commanding added to SN



Ground Network



Space Network



User  
Community



**NISN**



Deep Space Network

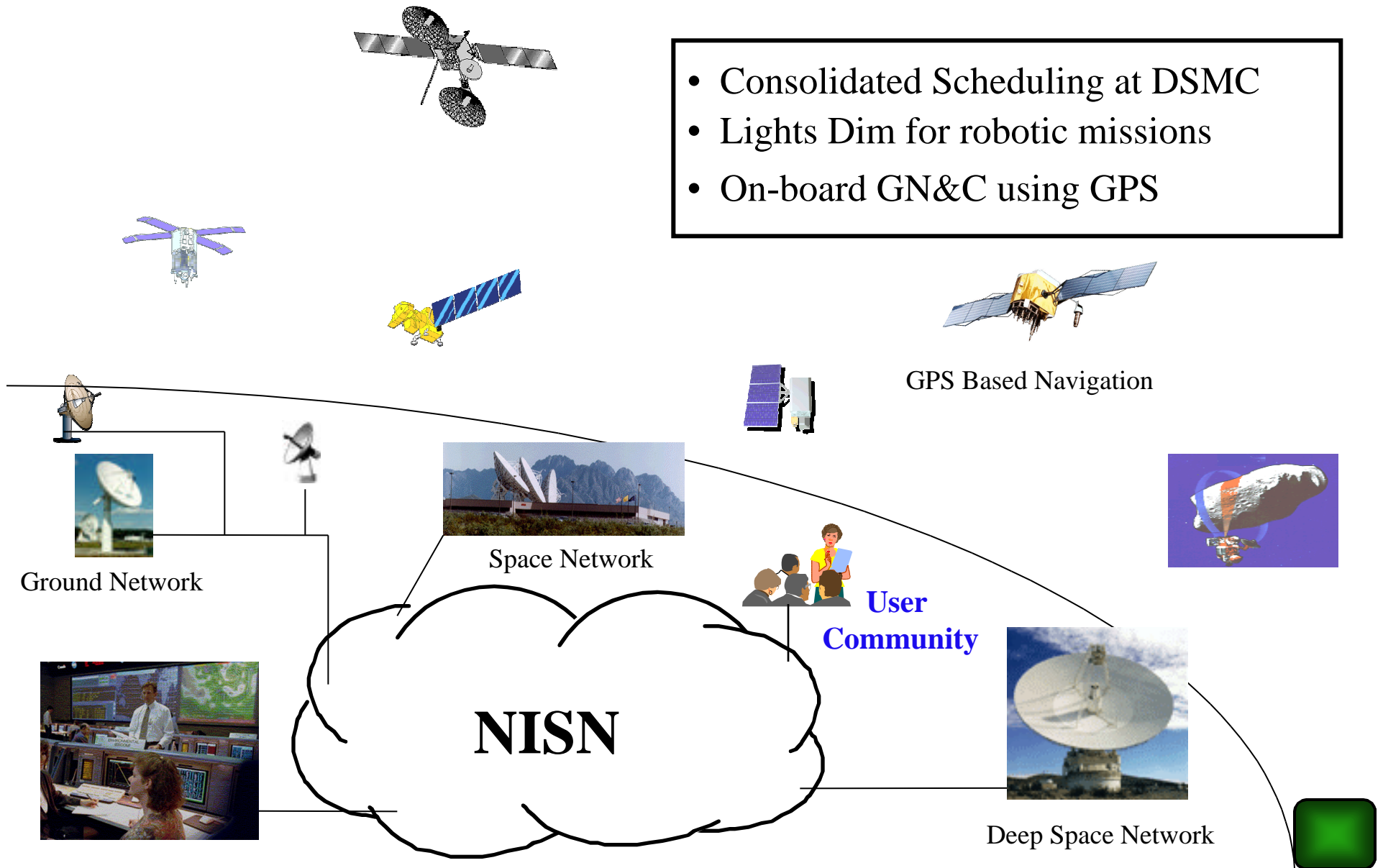




# Mission Services

2000 - 2005

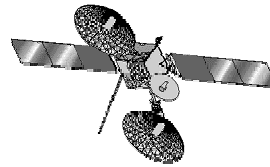
- Consolidated Scheduling at DSMC
- Lights Dim for robotic missions
- On-board GN&C using GPS





# NISN

2000 - 2005



Space Network

## Virtual Secure Internet

- Broadband on Demand
- Quality of Service
- Multimedia streaming



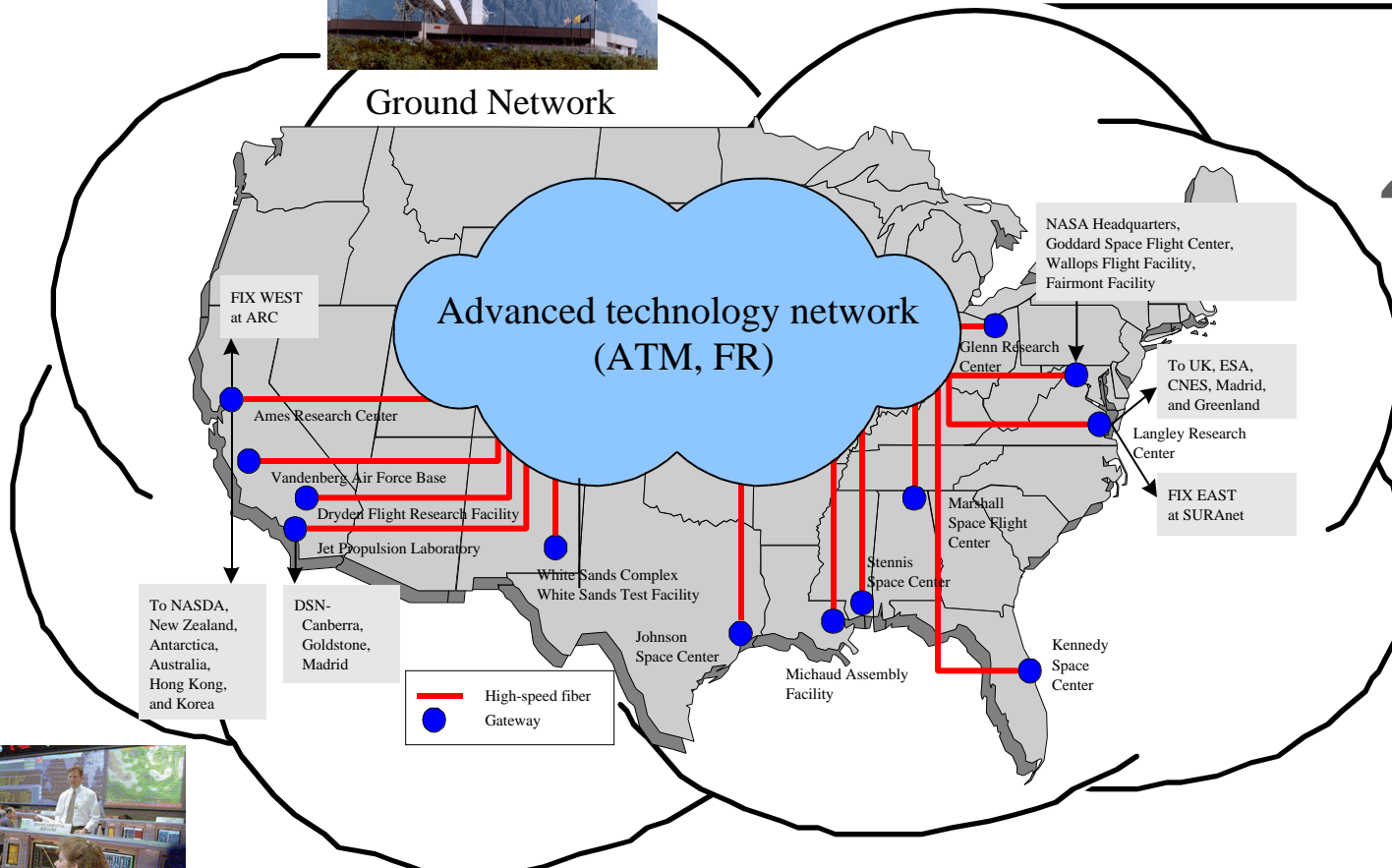
Ground Network

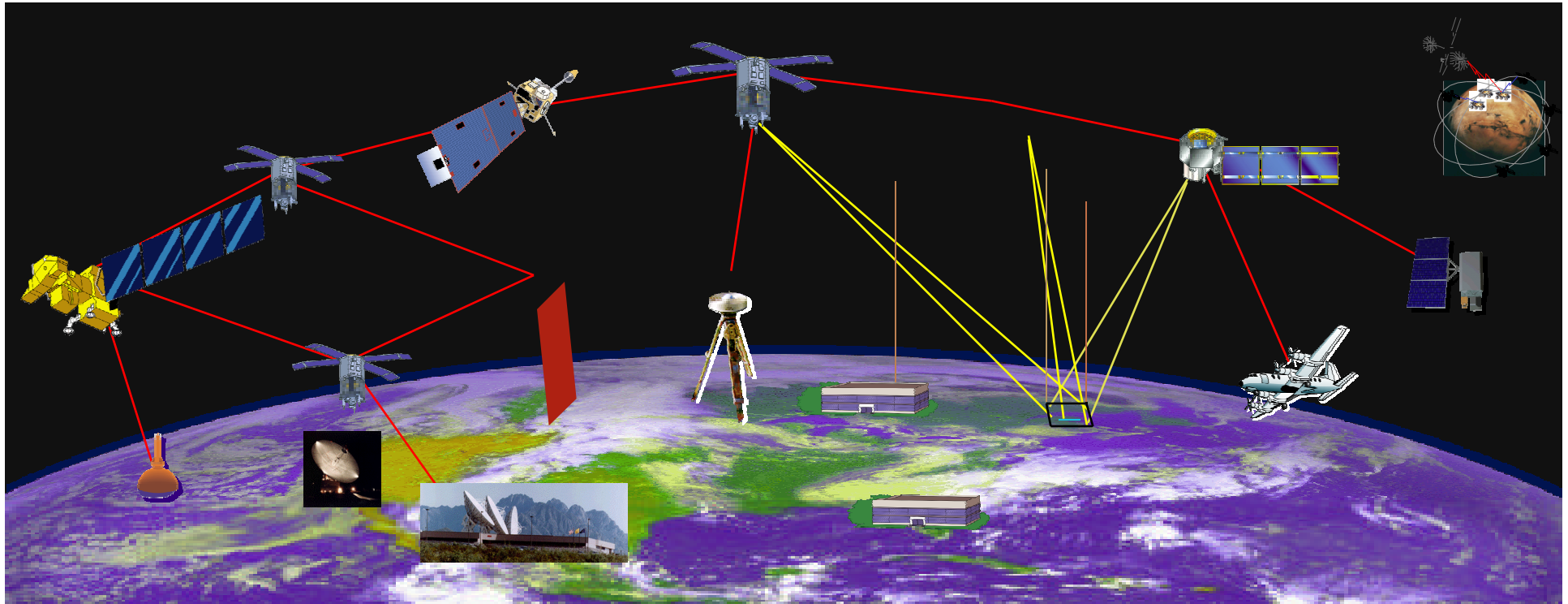


User Community



Deep Space Network





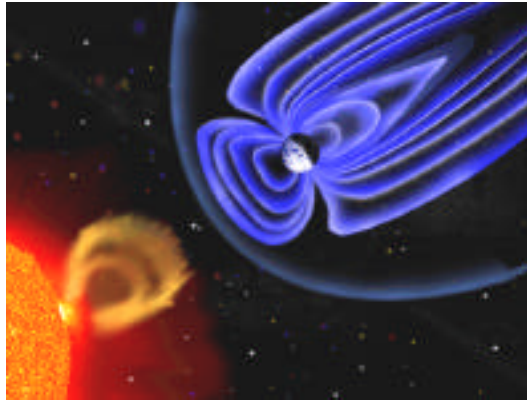
### Near Earth Architecture Driven by:

- Constellation of 5-10 spacecraft
  - Goal driven commanding
  - Beacon operations
  - Synchronizing operations
- High Data Rates (600 Mbps - 1Gbps)
- Web based TT&C standards
- Space Internet/PI driven
- Virtual Space Presence

### Deep Space Architecture Driven by:

- Return rates of 1-10 Gb/day
  - Continuous video from robotic outpost
  - One full resolution panorama per hour
- Deployed Ka 3m inflatable antenna
- Autonomous navigation service
- Mars Aerostationary Relay

2010+



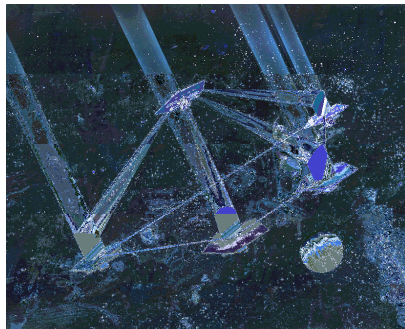
**Large Constellations of  
Spacecraft**



**Optical Communications for  
Neptune**

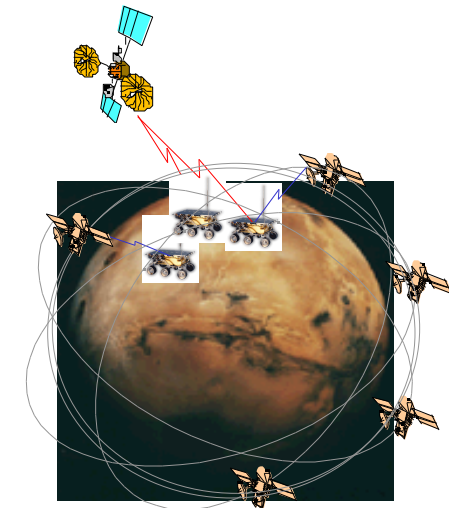


**Optical/Ka-band Cross- links,  
Mission Autonomy**



**Virtual  
Platforms  
&  
Constellations**

- Dynamic Link Allocation (roaming services)
- Fully autonomous operations
- 70m replacement
- TDRS End-of-Life (EOL)



**Interplanetary Internet Architectures**



# Communications Technology Plan Overview

- Identify, develop, integrate, validate, and transfer/infuse advanced technologies that
  - increase the performance,
  - provide new capabilities associated with the IOA Evolution,
  - reduce the costs

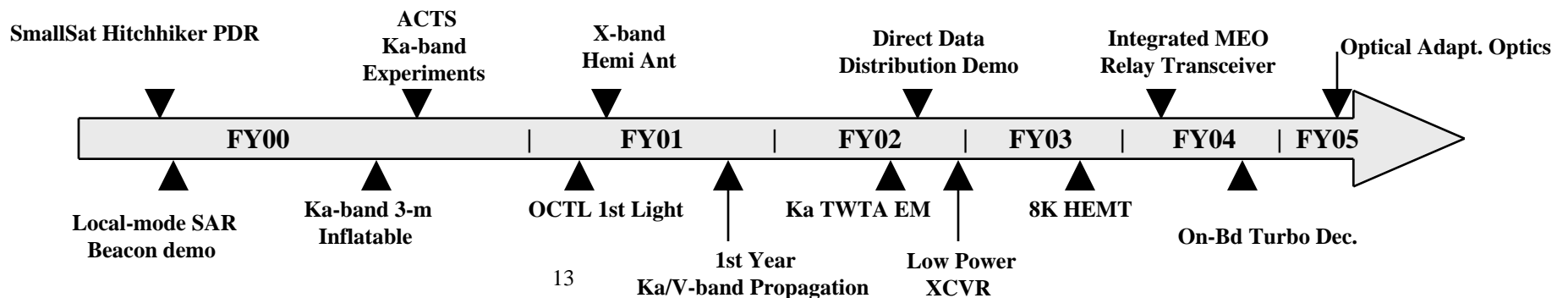
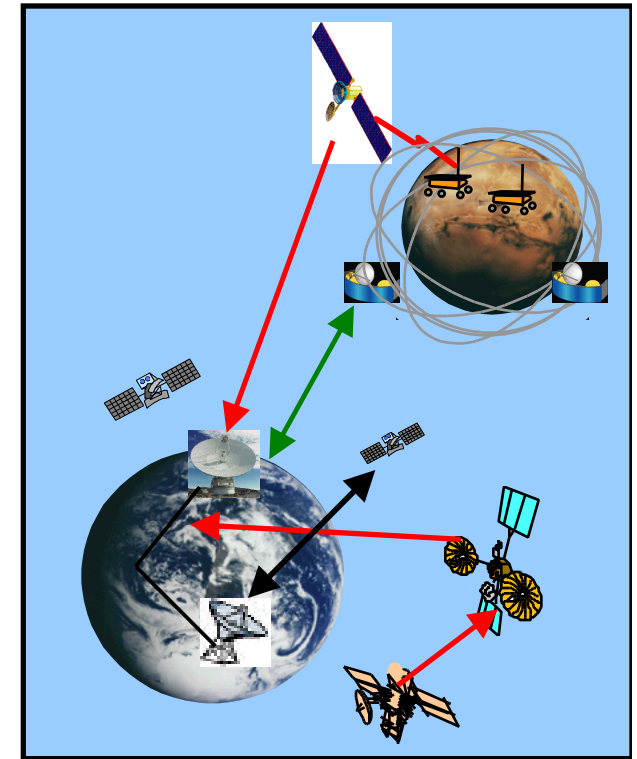
of providing data and mission services to the Space Operations customers

- Campaigns
  - Advanced Communications
  - Space Internet
  - Virtual Space Presence
  - Autonomous Mission Operations
  - Advanced Guidance, Navigation, and Control
- Centers TWG members
  - GSFC/Bob Savage
  - JPL/Jim Lesh
  - GRC/Jim Budinger
  - MSFC/Kathy Hatley
  - ARC/KSC/JSC have not participated, but looking to add participation



- Identify, develop, and infuse advanced technologies that will increase NASA space communications capabilities, enable new seamless interoperable communications architectures, and decrease costs of NASA data services.

- Ka-band and Optical communications for high-data rates and/or long-distance missions.
- Agile beam and multi-beam phased array antennas.
- Coding/decoding and compression systems to maximize channel efficiency.
- Low-cost, size, weight, and DC power components (transceivers, modems, solid state amplifiers, etc.)
- Demand access capability





# Space Internet Campaign

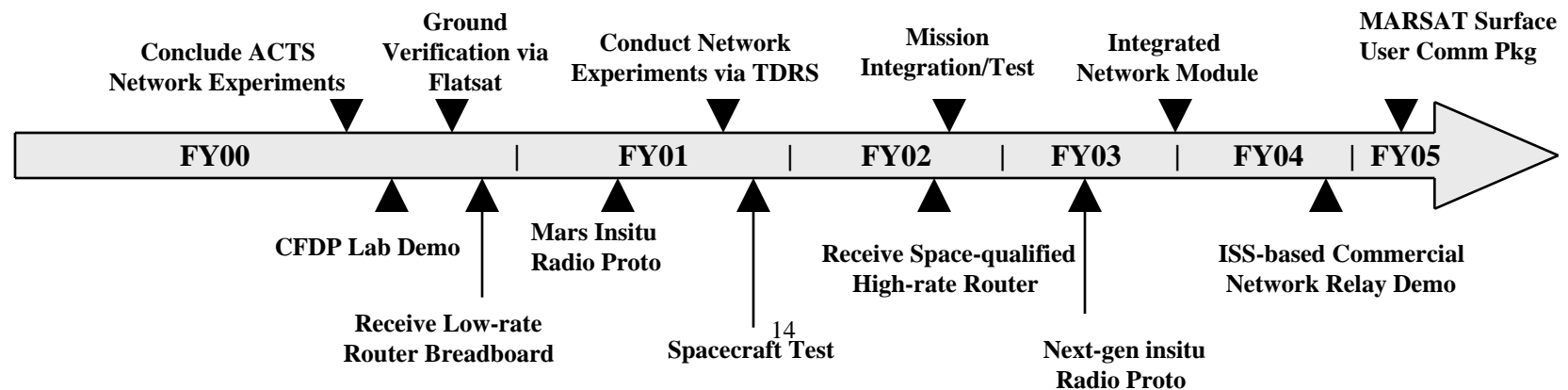
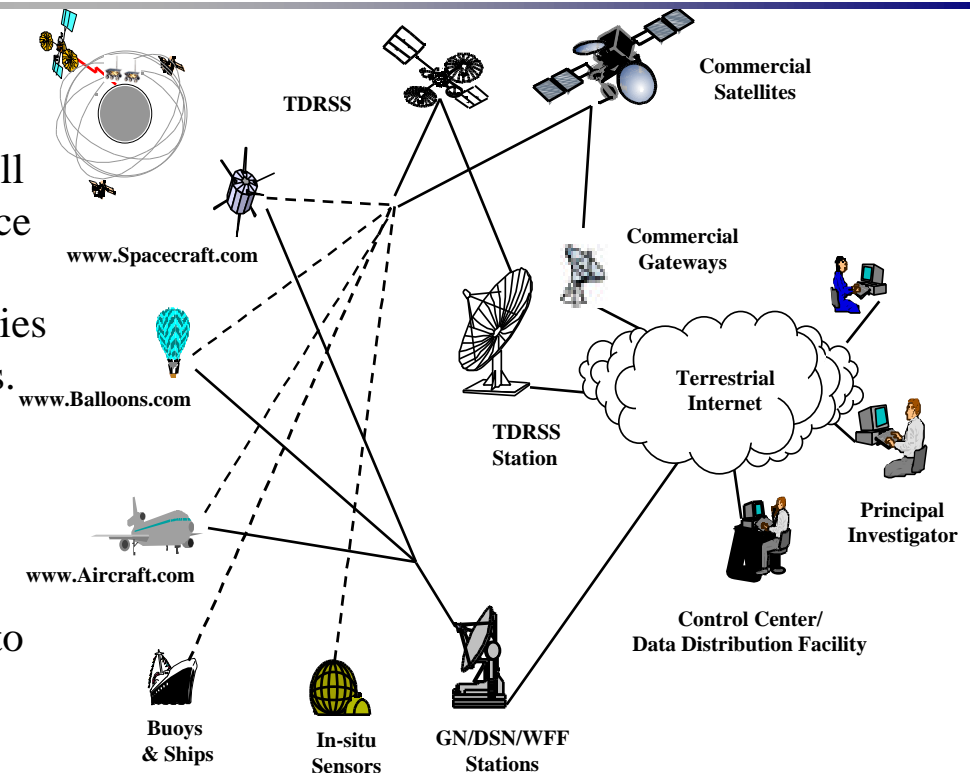


## Overall Objective

- Develop, test and demonstrate technologies that will extend the internet paradigm to include NASA space missions enabling the Space Operations vision for transparent operations, and enhancing the capabilities for remote access and control of space-based assets.

## Products

- Network architectures to enable the use of the Internet for all future NASA missions
- Routers and LAN's for spacecraft systems.
- Highly-efficient packet and file protocols tailored to the long and variable delays of space link propagation.







# Virtual Space Presence Campaign

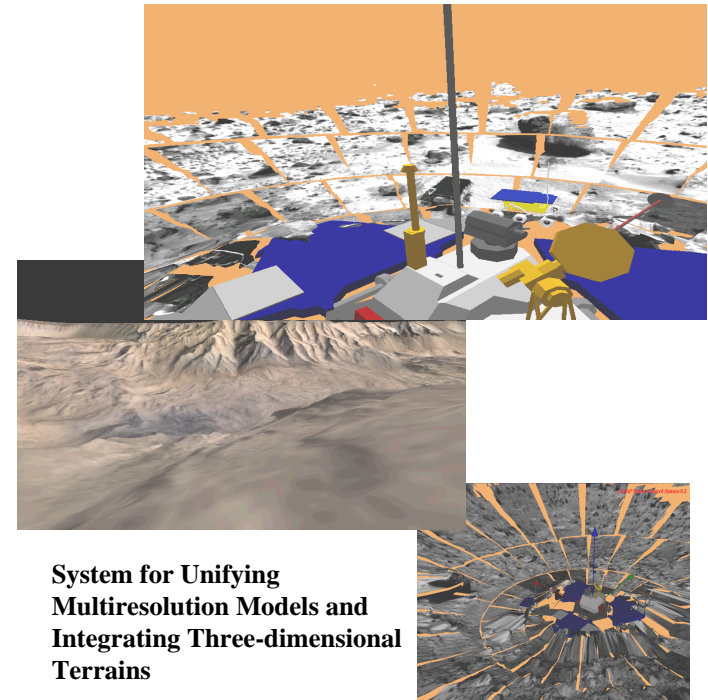


## Overall Objective

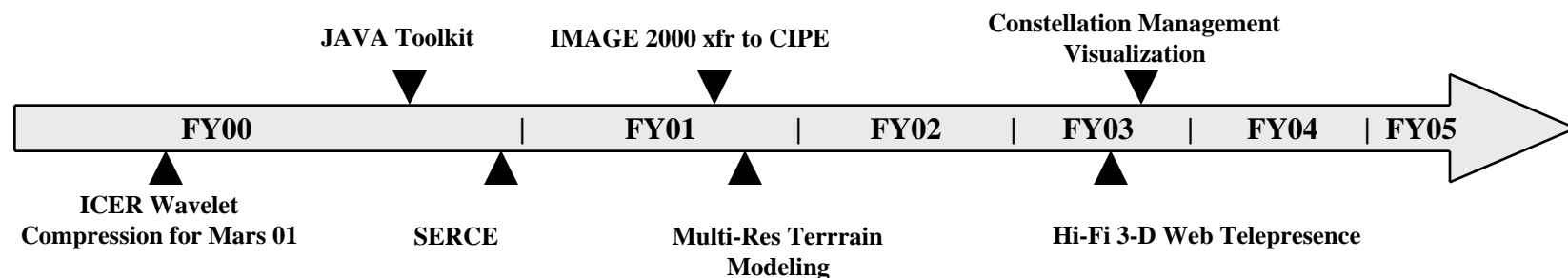
- To enable operators and scientific investigators to more meaningfully visualize data products, and to allow translation of those products into formats that allow the public to experience the excitement of space exploration.

## Products

- Tools for high fidelity 3D visualization of planned and executed spacecraft activities.
- System to remotely plan activities and display results which includes controlled access to science data and information.
- Data compression tools and Buffer management strategies to allow maximum scientific data return
- Systems to visualize imaging and non-imaging products



System for Unifying  
Multiresolution Models and  
Integrating Three-dimensional  
Terrains



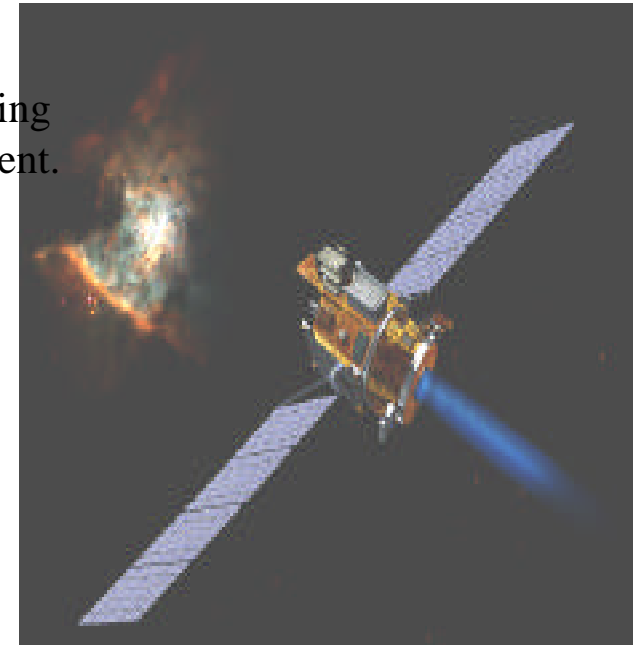


# Autonomous Mission Operations Campaign

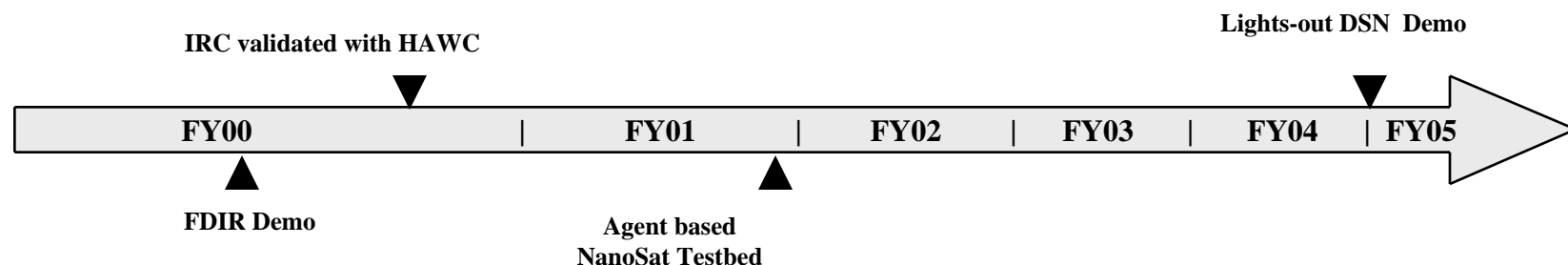


## Overall Objective

- Enable the planning, design, development, and operation of challenging observational or exploration missions with reduced human involvement.
- Products
- Systems for autonomous decision-making and control
  - Complex navigation and guidance scenarios,
  - Increase information handling and effective science return,
  - Collaborative robotic exploration of remote bodies or terrain,
  - Observations planning and optimization of information return,
  - Hazard avoidance and autonomous maintenance of S/C.
- Testing techniques for autonomous systems.
- Model-based system design and operations monitoring
- End -to-end goal-oriented planning, commanding, and reporting



Beacon Mode Operations for DS-1





# Advanced Guidance, Navigation, and Control Campaign



## Overall Objective

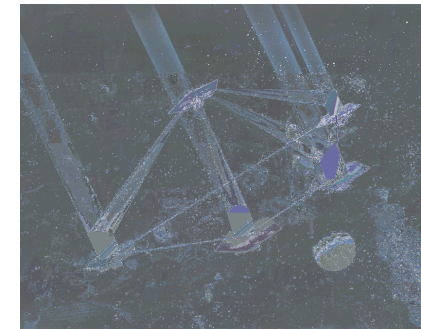
- Improve guidance, navigation and control accuracies, and enable new trajectories and architectures for future challenging missions

## Products

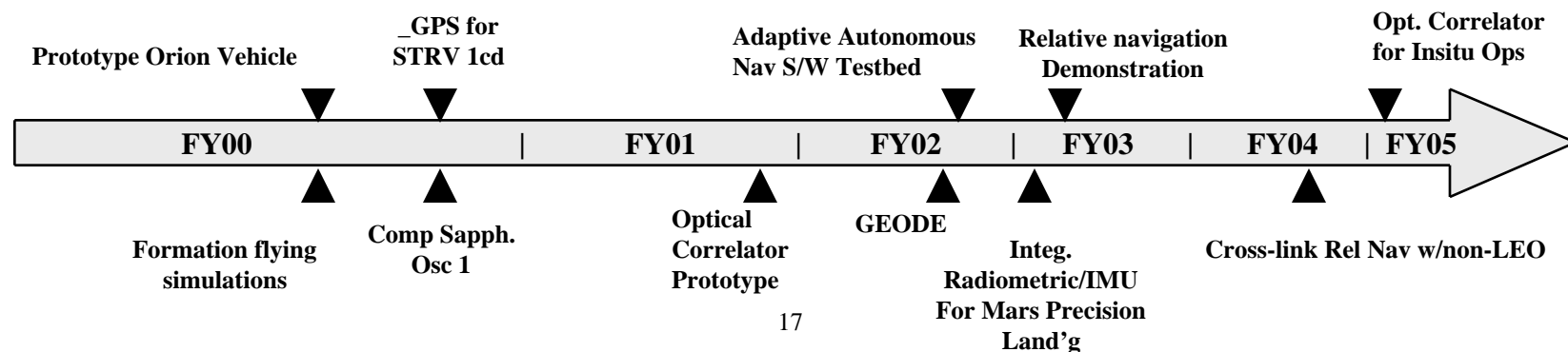
- Techniques for precision landing
- Measurement and control systems to establish and maintain configuration and orientation of formation flying networks
- Rendezvous and docking techniques
- Orbit and landing techniques for small and irregular body targets
- Aerobraking and aerocapture techniques
- Trajectory and orbit calculation tools and visualization techniques for unstable libration points.
- GPS-based techniques to support autonomous navigation for non-LEO missions



**Landing on Small Bodies**

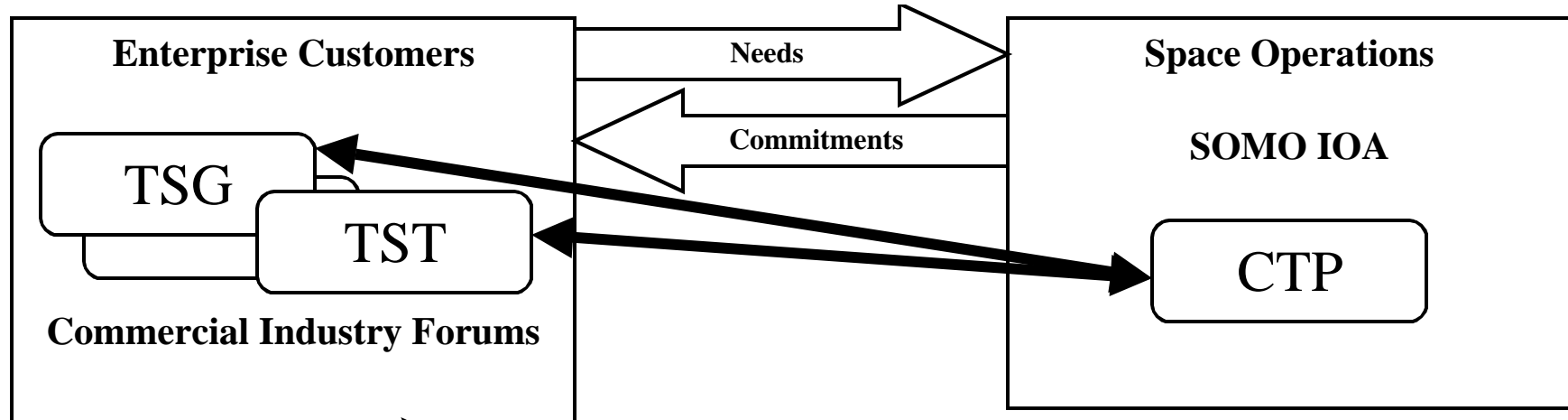


**Formation Flying Constellations**



# Linkage with Other Agency Programs

# Linkage to Other Technology Efforts



## Strategic Process



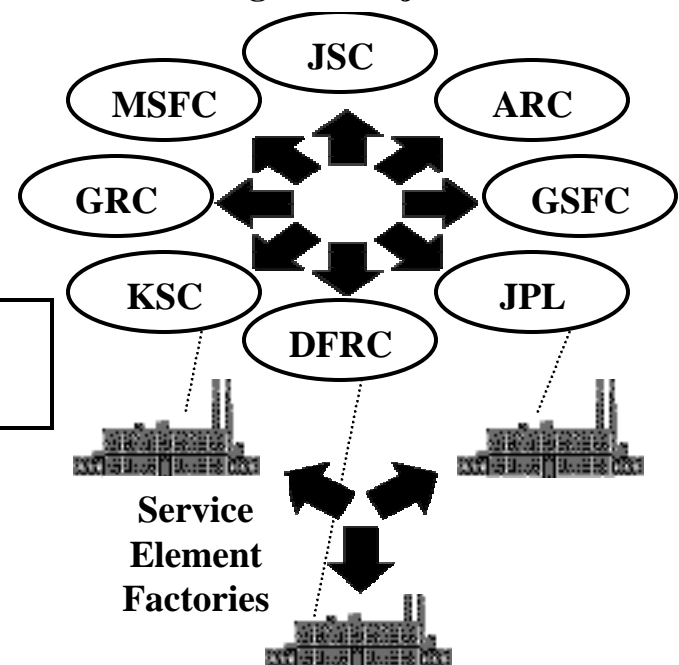
Missions/Architecture/Operations

Presentation  
of SOMO  
Technology  
Accomplishments

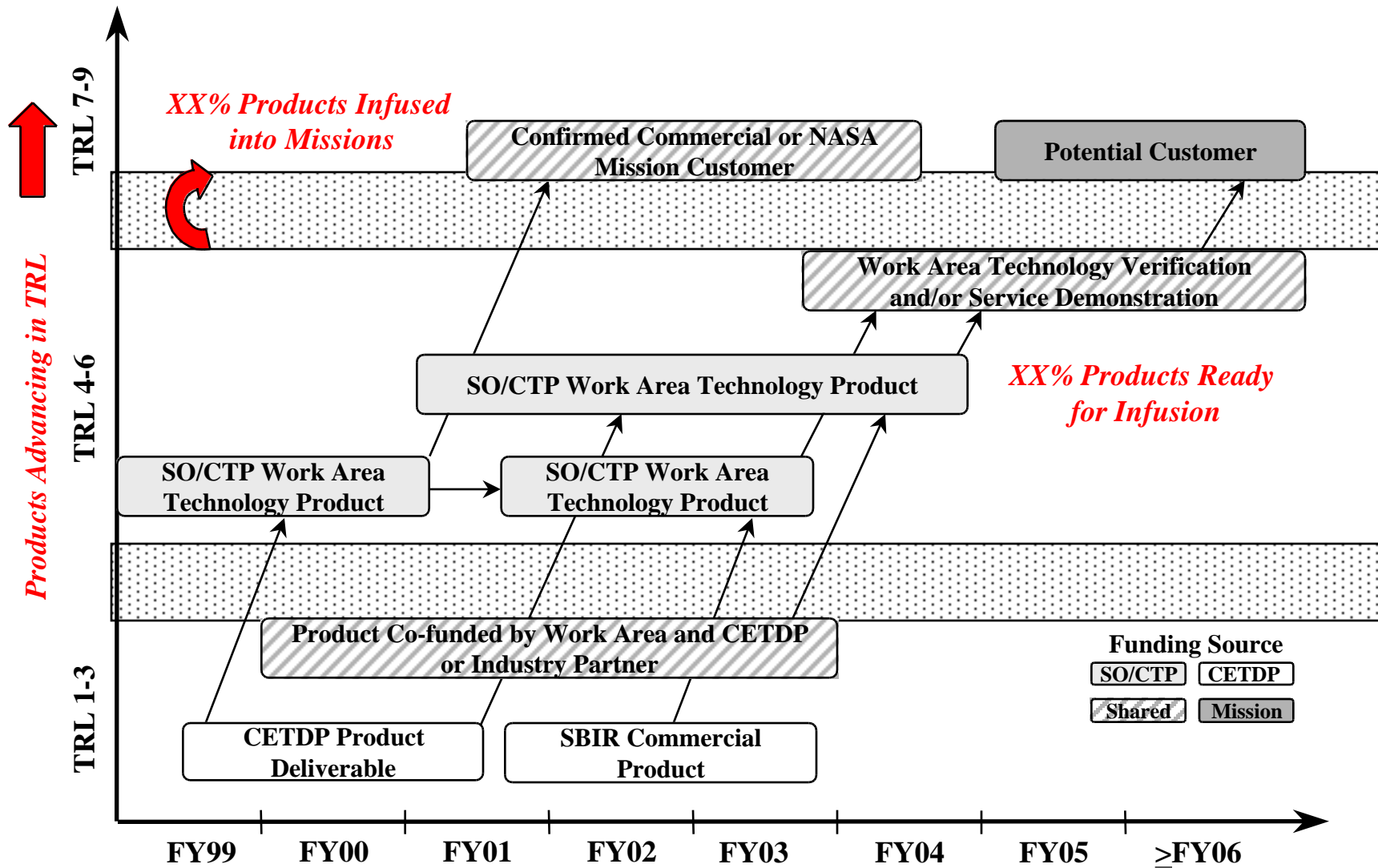
Technology  
Infusion

## Tactical Process

### Center Program/Project Offices



# Technology Infusion Ladder





# Conclusion

- Described the Space Operations Architecture
  - Integrates all the Space Operations Services
  - Responsive to Customer Needs
- Described the Communications Technology Project
  - Responsive to Customer Needs
  - Advanced Communications
  - Space Internet
  - Virtual Space Presence
  - Autonomous Mission Operations
  - Advanced Guidance, Navigation, and Control
- Explained the Linkage to Other Technology Efforts
  - SOMO/Enterprise strategic interfaces
  - Center tactical interfaces
- The role of the Communications Technology Project is to fill the mid-TRL gap between the Cross Enterprise and Mission Specific Programs

Back Up

<b>Advanced Communications Campaign</b>		<b>center</b>	<b>FY00</b>	<b>Work Area</b>
	<b>Local-mode SAR Beacon demo</b>	GSFC	FY00	Search and Rescue Technology Development
	Local-mode Search And Rescue (SAR) Beacon demonstration			
	<b>SmallSat Hitchhiker PDR</b>	GSFC	FY00	Adv Modulation, coding, Proc and compression
	Small Satellite Optical Communications Hitchhiker Payload Design Review			
	<b>Ka-band 3-m inflatable</b>	JPL	FY00	Spacecraft Radio Systems
	Ka-band (DSN) 3 meter inflatable reflect array rev B breadboard			
	<b>ACTS Ka-band Experiments</b>	GRC	FY00	System Analysis & Technology Studies
	Complete all Advanced Communications Technology Satellite Ka-band experiments			
	<b>OCTL 1st Light</b>	JPL	FY01	Optical Communication
	Optical Communications Technology Laboratory (OCTL) initial transmission capability			
	<b>X-band Hemi Ant</b>	GSFC	FY01	Adv Comm Terminals for ES and SS
	X-band, Hemispherical coverage antenna			
	<b>1st Year Ka/V-band Propagation</b>	GRC	FY01	System Analysis & Technology Studies
	Complete first year of statistical investigations of system availability at Ka and V band using an ESA provided beacon			
	<b>Ka TWTA EM</b>	JPL	FY02	Spacecraft Radio Systems
	DSN spacecraft Traveling Wave Tube Amplifier (TWTA) Engineering Model			
	<b>Direct Data Distribution Demo</b>	GRC	FY02	Direct Data Distribution
	Shuttle flight demonstration of 1 GBPS link direct to ground station			
	<b>Low Power XCVR</b>	GSFC	FY02	Adv Comm Terminals for ES and SS
	Low Power Transceiver Flight unit available			
	<b>8K HEMT</b>	JPL	FY03	Ground Antenna Systems
	High Electron Mobility Transistor (HEMT) Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) exceeding 10 K noise temperature performance			
	<b>Integrated MEO Relay Transceiver</b>	GRC	FY04	Integrated Communications Technologies
	Integrated Medium Earth Orbit relay transceiver			
	<b>On-Bd Turbo Dec.</b>	JPL	FY04	Communication Systems Analysis
	Spacecraft based turbo decoding			
	<b>Optical Adapt. Optics</b>	JPL	FY05	Optical Communication
	Optical Adaptive Optics augmentation to OCTL			

<b>Space Internet Campaign</b>				
	<b>Conclude ACTS Network Experiments</b>	GRC	FY00	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	Complete Advanced Communications Technology Satellite Networking Experiments			
	<b>CFDP Lab Demo</b>	JPL	FY00	Infrastructure and Automation
	CCSDS [Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems] File Delivery Protocol (CFDP) lab demonstration			
	<b>Ground Verification via Flatsat</b>	GSFC	FY00	Spacecraft as an Internet Node
	Build and Demonstrate near-flight-quality Internet Protocol mission in the lab ("Flatsat")			
	<b>Receive Low-rate Router Breadboard</b>	GRC	FY00	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	Breadboard leading to router on a chip in the <10 MBps data rate			
	<b>Mars insitu Radio Proto</b>	JPL	FY01	In Situ Comm & Nav Systems
	Prototype for Mars insitu radio			
	<b>Conduct Network Experiments via TDRS</b>	GRC	FY01	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	Continue the class of experimentation currently performed on ACTS via TDRS, preferably H			
	<b>Receive Space-qualified High-rate Router</b>	GRC	FY02	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	Receive delivery of a 100MBps class space-qualified router			
	<b>Mission Integration/Test</b>	GSFC	FY02	Spacecraft as an Internet Node
	Capability to integrate and test with a "real" mission Internet Protocols			
	<b>Next-gen insitu</b>	JPL	FY03	In Situ Comm & Nav Systems
	Next-generation insitu micro-radio prototype			
	<b>Integrated Network Module</b>	GRC	FY03	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	Integrated network module combining network interface, LAN interface, and router interface into a single module			
	<b>ISS-based Commercial network Relay Demo</b>	GSFC	FY04	Technologies for Space Internet Services (Tsis)
	demonstrate on International Space Station commercial network based relay technology			
	<b>MarSat Surface User Comm Pkg</b>	JPL	FY05	In Situ Comm & Nav Systems
	Mars user interface to the MarSat relay satellite			

<b>Virtual Space Presence Campaign</b>				
	<b>ICER Wavelet Compression for Mars 01</b>	JPL	FY00	Science Processing and Information Management
	ICER (Adaptive Wavelet Compression) transfer to Mars '01			
	<b>JAVA Toolkit</b>	JPL	FY00	Science Processing and Information Management
	JAVA Toolkit for visualization			
	<b>SERCE</b>	GSFC	FY00	User Tools for Autonomous Systems
	Spacecraft Emergency Response System (SERS) Collaborative Environment			
	<b>IMAGE 2000 xfr to CIPE</b>	GSFC	FY01	User Tools for Autonomous Systems
	transfer to the Center for Image Processing in Education (CIPE) a tool using JAVA 2 and JAVA Advanced Imaging			
	<b>Multi-Res Terrain Modeling</b>	JPL	FY01	Science Processing and Information Management
	System for Unifying Multiresolution Models and Integrating Three-dimensional Terrains			
	<b>Constellation Management Visualization</b>	GSFC	FY03	User Tools for Autonomous Systems
	Visualization tools supporting constellation management			
	<b>Hi-Fi 3-D Web Telepresence</b>	JPL	FY03	Science Processing and Information Management
	Hi-Fidelity, 3-D Web Telepresence			

<b>Autonomous Mission Operations Campaign</b>				
	<b>FDIR Demo</b>	JPL	FY00	Infrastructure and Automation
	Demonstration of Fault, Detection, Isolation, and Recovery (FDIR) server during real-time DSN operations			
	<b>IRC validated with HAWC</b>	GSFC	FY00	End-to-End Mission Autonomy
	Instrument Remote Control (IRC) delivered to High Resolution Airborne Wideband Camera (HAWC)			
	<b>Agent-based NanoSat Testbed</b>	GSFC	FY01	
	Thermal and Power subsystems are the first components for the virtual NanoSat testbed			
	<b>Lights-out DSN Demo</b>	JPL	FY05	Infrastructure and Automation
	Lights-out (no on duty operators) DSN Demonstration			

<b>Advanced Guidance, Navigation, and Control Campaign</b>			
<b>Formation flying simulations</b>	GSFC	FY00	Flight Dynamics Technologies
Create initial version of formation flying testbed that includes GPS simulation capabilities.			
<b>Prototype Orion Vehicle</b>	GSFC	FY00	Flight Dynamics Technologies
Implement prototype Orion vehicle to fly in conjunction with Air Force Research lab MightySat 11.2 and Orion Jr.			
<b>Comp Sapph. Osc 1</b>	JPL	FY00	Frequency and Timing
Compensated Sapphire Oscillator+B102or with closed-cycle cooler for improved operability			
	JPL	FY00	Navigation and Radio Metrics
Deliver STRV micro GPS space flight instrument to DERA, U.K.			
<b>Optical Correlator Prototype</b>	JPL	FY01	Navigation and Radio Metrics
512x512 grayscale optical correlator for real-time landmark tracking			
<b>Adaptive Autonomous Nav S/W Testbed</b>	JPL	FY02	Navigation and Radio Metrics
Adaptive Autonomous Navigation Software Testbed			
<b>GEODE</b>	GSFC	FY02	Flight Dynamics Technologies
GPS Enhanced Orbit Determination Experiment (GEODE) flight code			
<b>Integ. Radiometric/IMU For Mars Precision Landing</b>		FY03	Navigation and Radio Metrics
Integrated radiometric and inertial measurement unit for Mars precision landing			
<b>Cross-link Rel Nav w/non-LEO Formation</b>	GSFC	FY04	Flight Dynamics Technologies
Develop modified cross-link relative navigation for non-Leo missions (High Earth Orbit (HEO), Liberation point, etc.)			
<b>Opt. Correlator for Insitu Ops</b>	JPL	FY05	Navigation and Radio Metrics
Optical correlator for insitu operations			



# SOMO Technology Project Customer Relevance

Campaigns Work Areas	Space Science								Earth Science				HEDS				Other	
	Origins	ESSE	ESLU	ESSEC	ESAPP	ESDEX	ESDEX	ESDEX	ESSES	ESSENT	ESSEP	ESSEB	ESSEB	ESSES	ESSES	ESSES	ESSES	ESSES
Advanced Communications																		
Advanced Modulation, Coding, Processing, and Compression	X		P	P	X	P	P	X	P	P					P	P	P	
Search and Rescue Technology Development													X	X		P		
Advanced Communication Terminals for Earth and Space Science	X		P	P	X	P	P	X	P	P					P	P	P	
Ground Antenna Systems	X	P	P	P	P	P	P					X	P			P	X	
Communications Systems Analysis	X	P	P	P	P	P	P		X		X	X	P	X	X	P	X	X
Spacecraft Radio Systems	X	P	P	P	P	P	P		X		X	X	P	X	X	P	X	X
Optical Comm	X	P	P	P	P	P	P		X		X	X	P	P		P	X	X
Advanced Concepts Development	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	P		P
Direct Data Distribution (D3)	X	X	P	P	P	X	X	X	P	P	P	X	X	P	P	P	P	P
Integrated Communication Technologies	X	X	P	P	P	X	X	X	P	P	P	X	X	P	P	P	X	P
Networks	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P		X
Space Internet																		
Spacecraft as an Internet Node						P	X					X		P	P	P		
Infrastructure and Automation	P	P	P	P	P	P	P					X	P	X		P	X	X
In Situ Comm/Nav	X	P			P	P	P				X	X	P	P		P	X	X
Technologies for Space Internet Services	X	X	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	X	P	P	P	X	P
Virtual Space Presence																		
User Interface for Autonomous Systems	P		P	P	P	P	P		P	P	P					P	P	
Science Processing and Info Mgmt	P	P	P	P	P	P	P		X		X	X	P	X		P	X	X
Autonomous Mission Operations																		
Auton Ground Network & Mission Ops Center Systems	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Infrastructure and Automation	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Advanced Guidance, Navigation & Control																		
Autonomous Constellation Control and Formation Flying	P		P	P	P	P	P	X	P	X				P	P	P	P	
Navigation and Radio Metrics	P	P	P	X	P	P	P		X		X	X	P	X	X	P	X	X
Frequency and Timing	X	P	P	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	P	P	P
P Primary Technology Driver									X									
X Technology Benefits																		